

# Molecular Gas in Star Forming Galaxies at $z=1-3$

Linda Tacconi, MPE Garching

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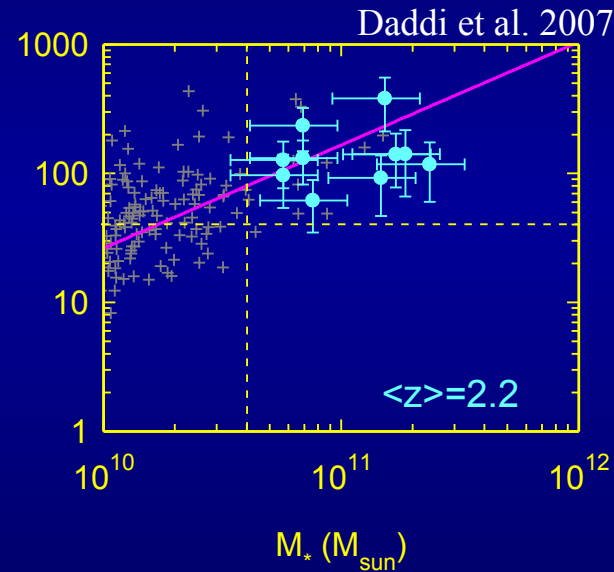
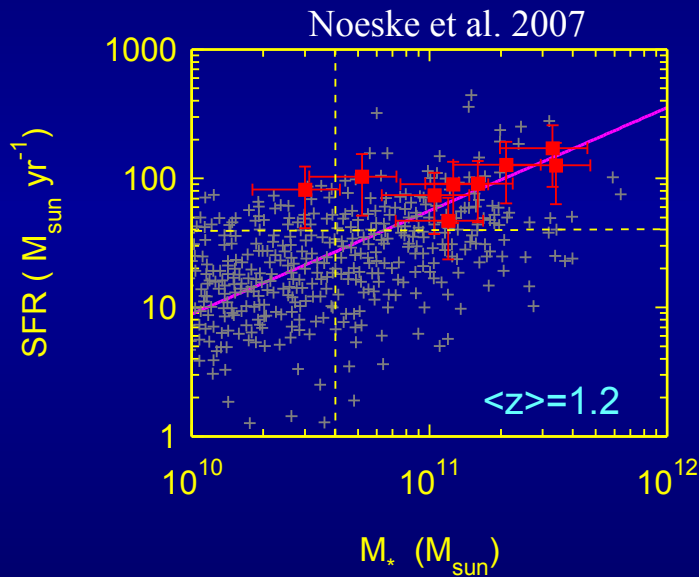
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*HST*  
*ACS*

*CO on ACS in EGS 1305123 at*  
 *$z=1.12$*

Santa Cruz Galaxy Evolution Workshop  
August 19, 2010

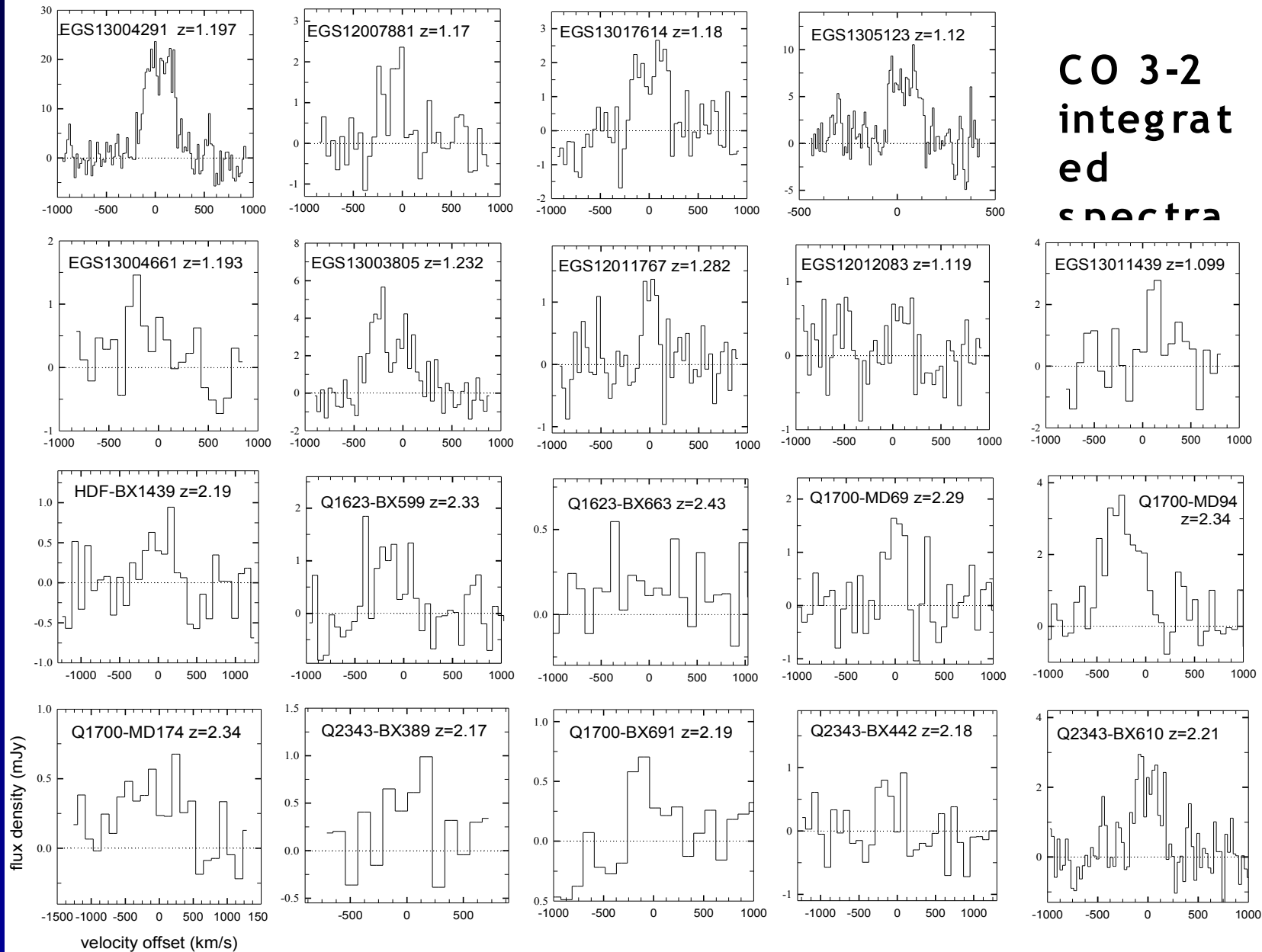
# A Survey of CO (3-2) Line Emission in Massive $z\sim 1.2$ and $2.2$ Star Forming Galaxies



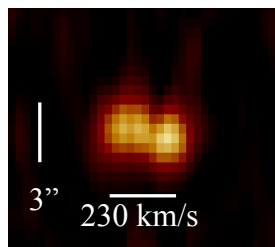
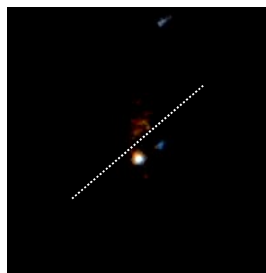
15-20  $z\sim 1-1.5$  and  $z\sim 2-2.5$  SFGs  
 $M_* = 10^{10.7-11.2} M_{\odot}$   
SFR = 40-200  $M_{\odot} \text{ yr}$

Tacconi et al. 2010,  
Genzel et al. 2010,  
IRAM LP Team, in prep

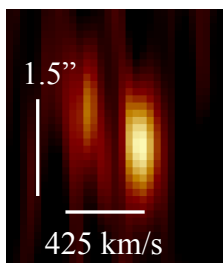
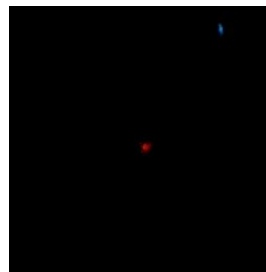
# CO 3-2 integrated spectra



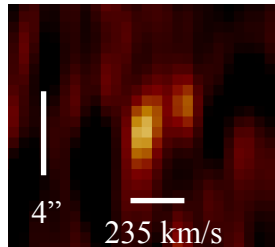
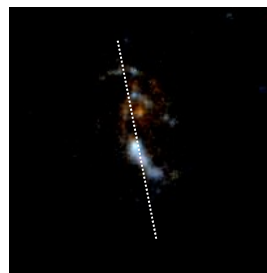
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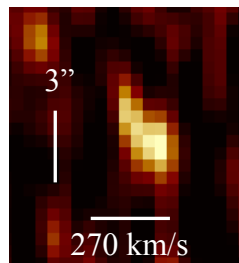
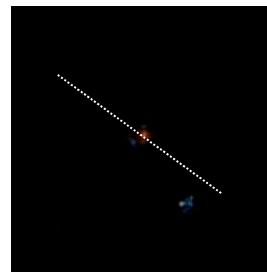
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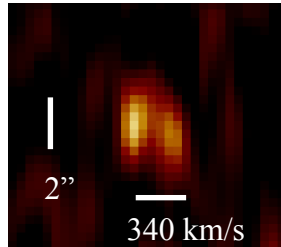
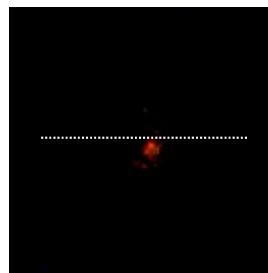
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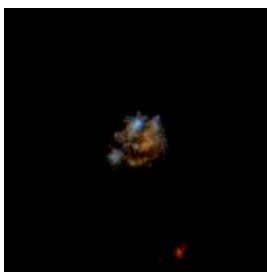
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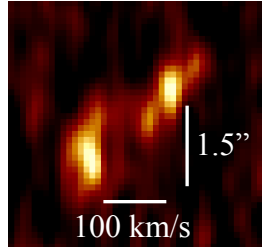
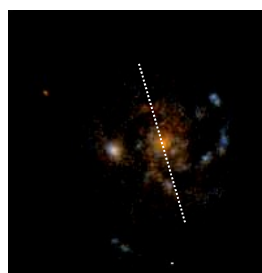
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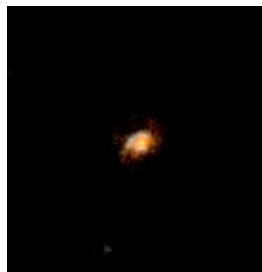
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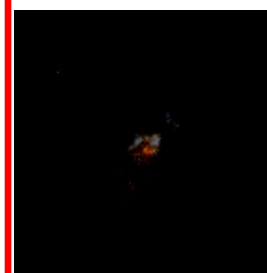
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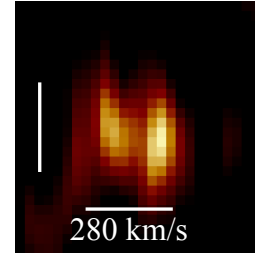
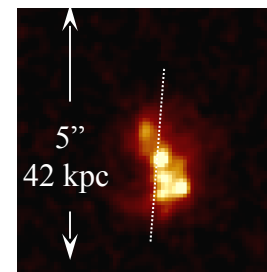
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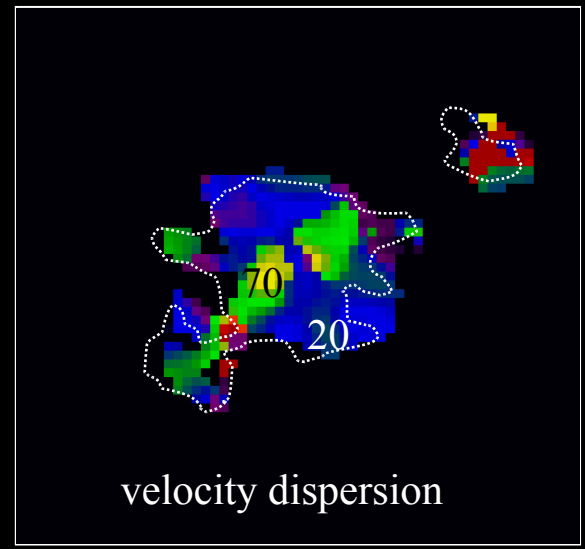
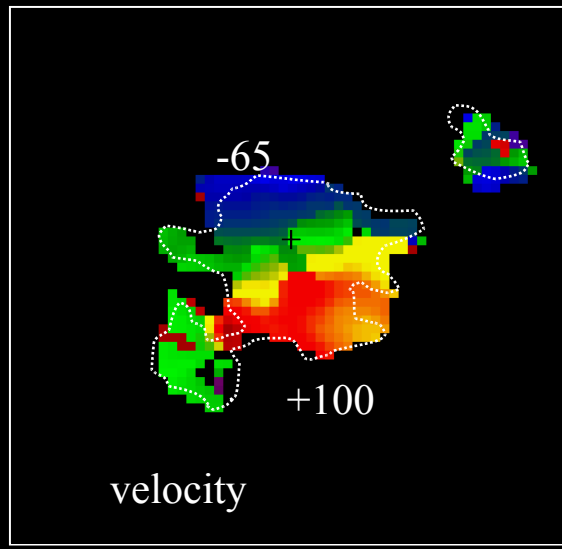
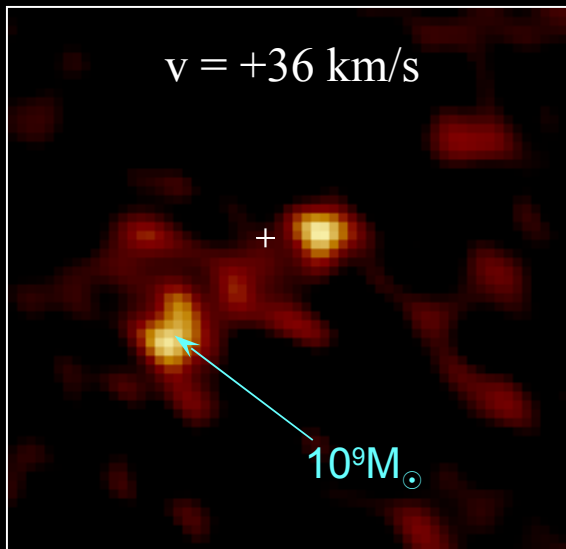
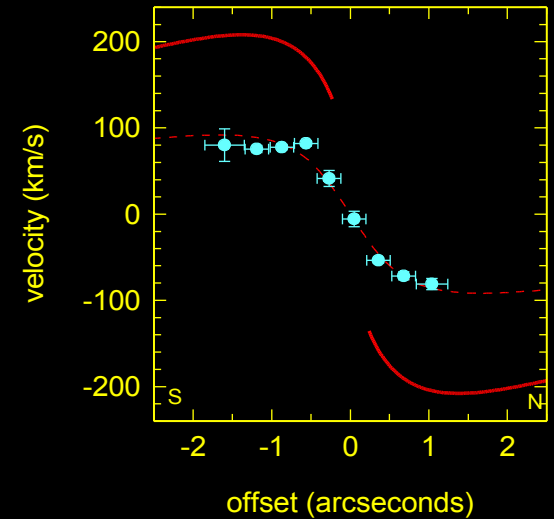
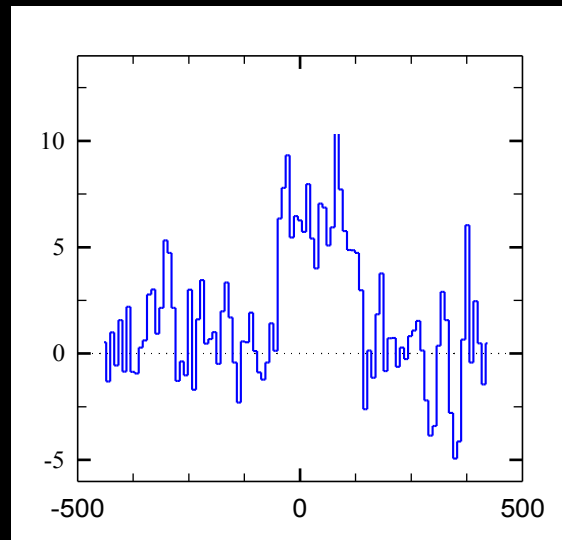
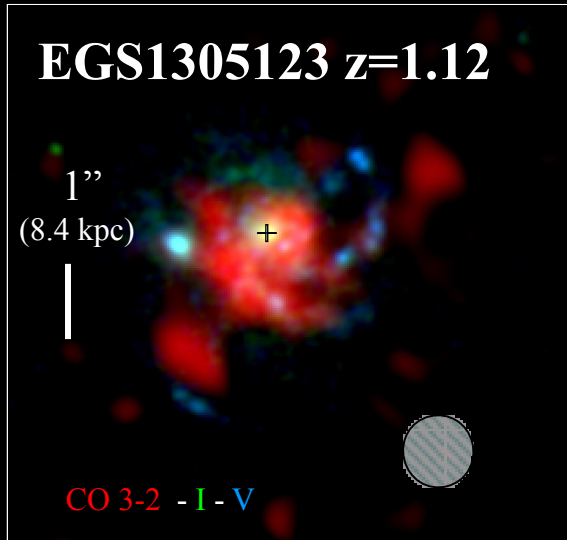
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Q2343-BX610



# First $z \sim 1.2$ CO Rotation Curve

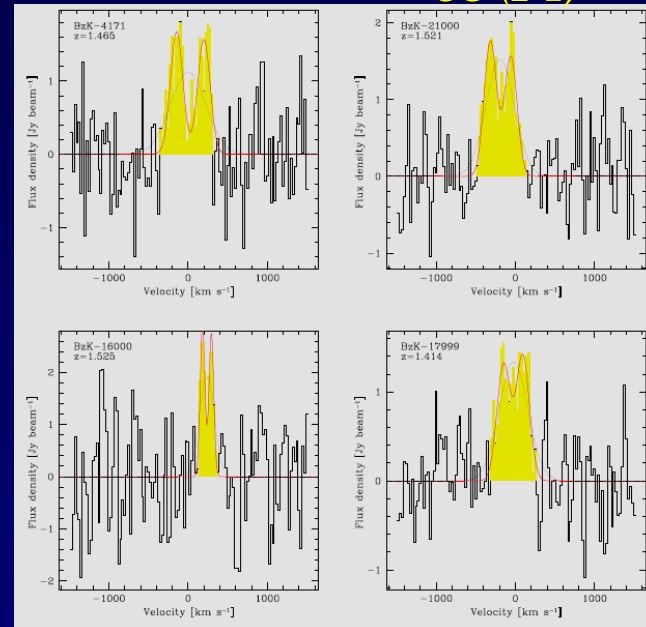


$M_{\text{gas}} \sim 1.3 \times 10^{11} M_{\odot}$ ; ,  $M_{*} \sim 3 \times 10^{11} M_{\odot}$ ,  $f_{\text{gas}} \sim 0.3$ ,  
 $v_{\text{rot}}/\sigma = 8 \pm 2$

Tacconi et al. 2010

# CO in $z=1.5$ BzK Galaxies in GOODS-N

CO (2-1)



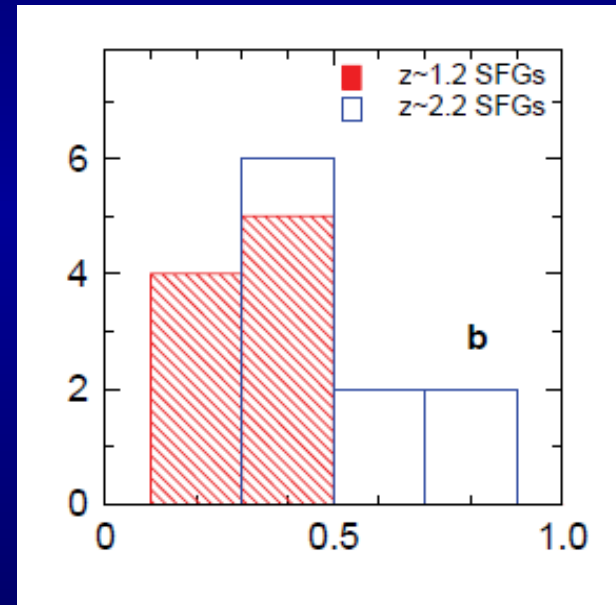
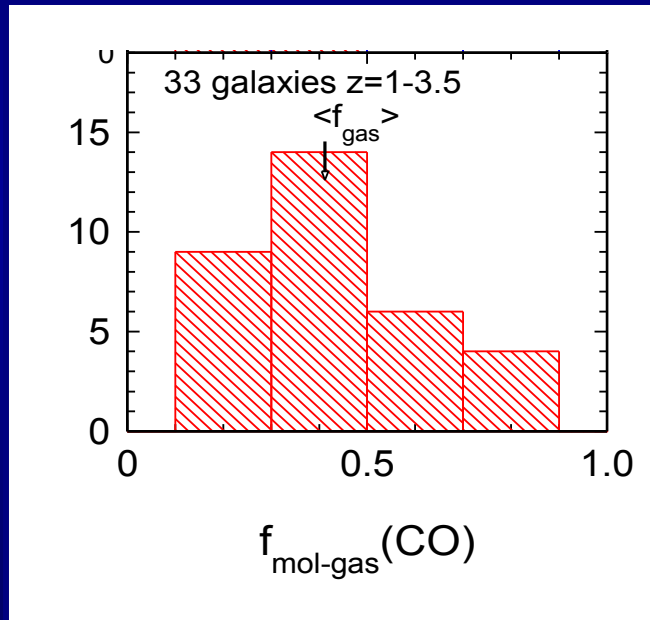
- 6 massive BzK galaxies
- Clumpy, unstable disks
- Spatially resolved emission in 4
- CO sizes (FWHM) 6-11 kpc
- $M_{\text{gas}} = 0.4-1.2 \times 10^{10} M_{\odot}$

*Daddi et al. 2008, 2010a, b*  
*Dannerbauer et al. 2009*

# A First Census of Cold Gas Fractions in $z \sim 1-3$ Star Forming Galaxies

Tacconi et al. 2010

$$M_{\text{mol-gas}} = (1 + f_{\text{He}}) \alpha_{\text{CO}}(Z, \Sigma, \dots) R_{32} L_{\text{CO}3-2}$$

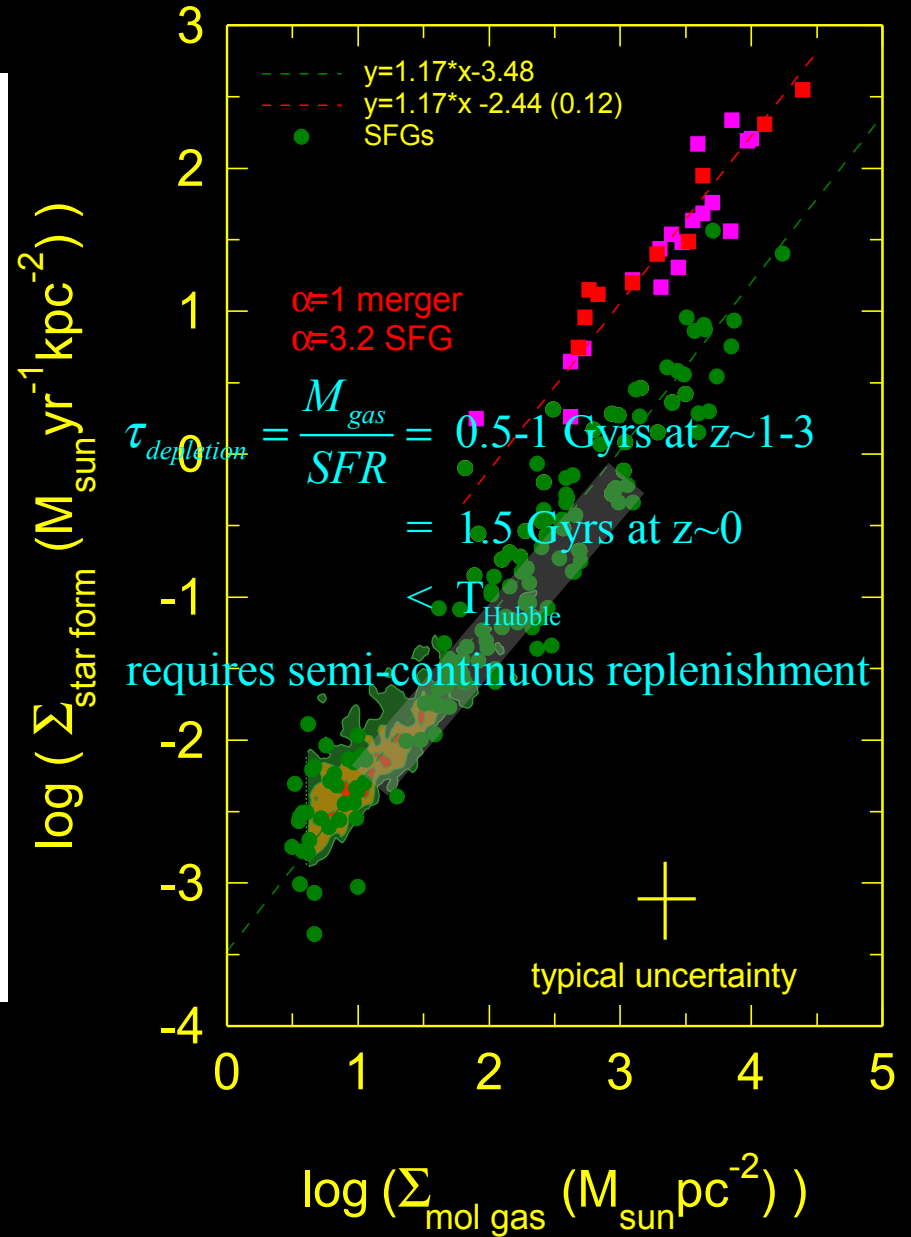
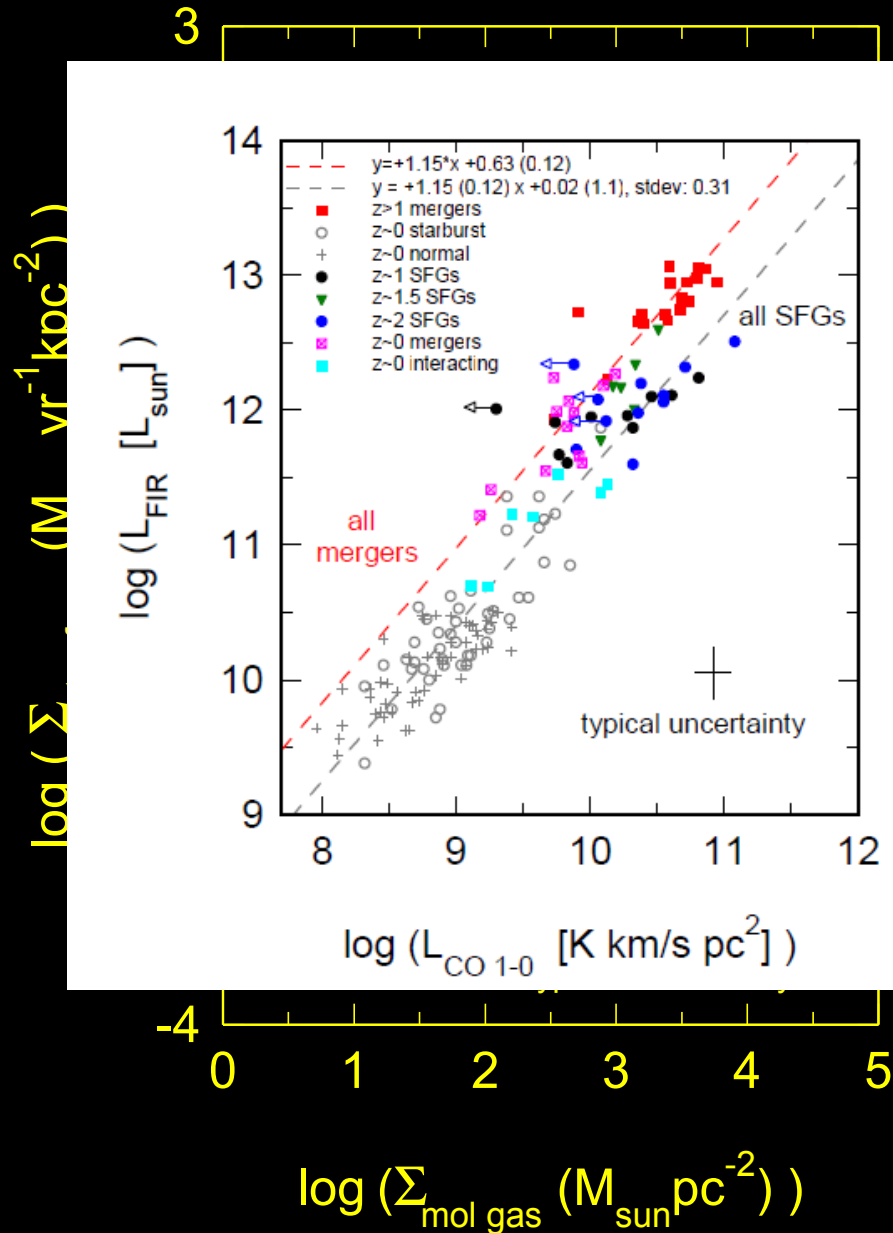


←

$$F_{\text{mol-gas}} = M_{\text{gas}} / (M_{\text{gas}} + M_{*})$$

# Gas-Star Formation Relation

Genzel et al. 2010  
Also Daddi et al. 2010





# 'Elmegreen-Silk' Star Formation Relation Accounting for Global Galaxy Dynamical

SF relation likely  
driven by global  
dynamical  
processes

enzel et al 2010

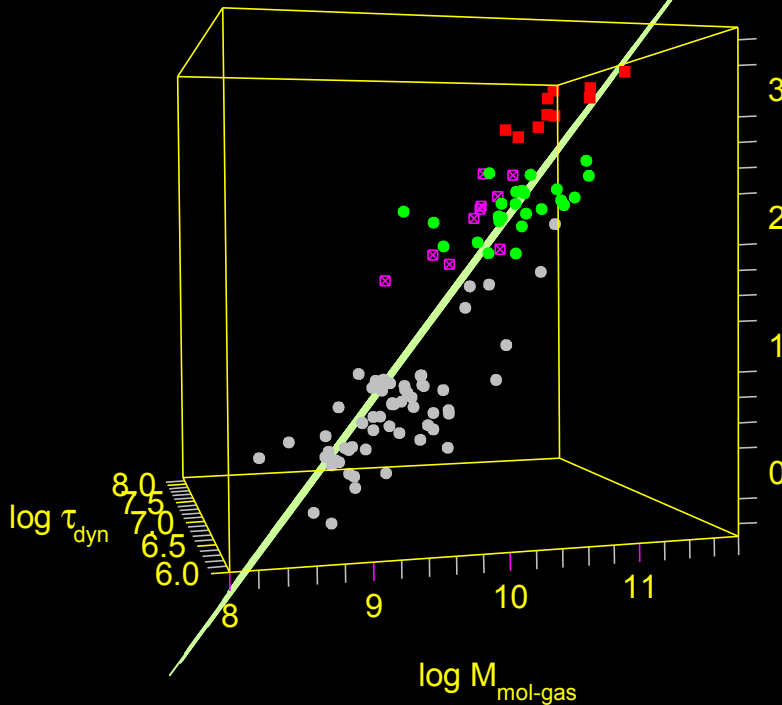
# Fundamental Plane of Star Formation

Genzel et al. 2010

best plane:

$$\log(\text{SFR}) = -0.7(0.15) \cdot \log(\tau_{\text{dyn}}) + 1.34(0.1) \cdot \log(M_{\text{mol-gas}}) - 7.2(1.4)$$

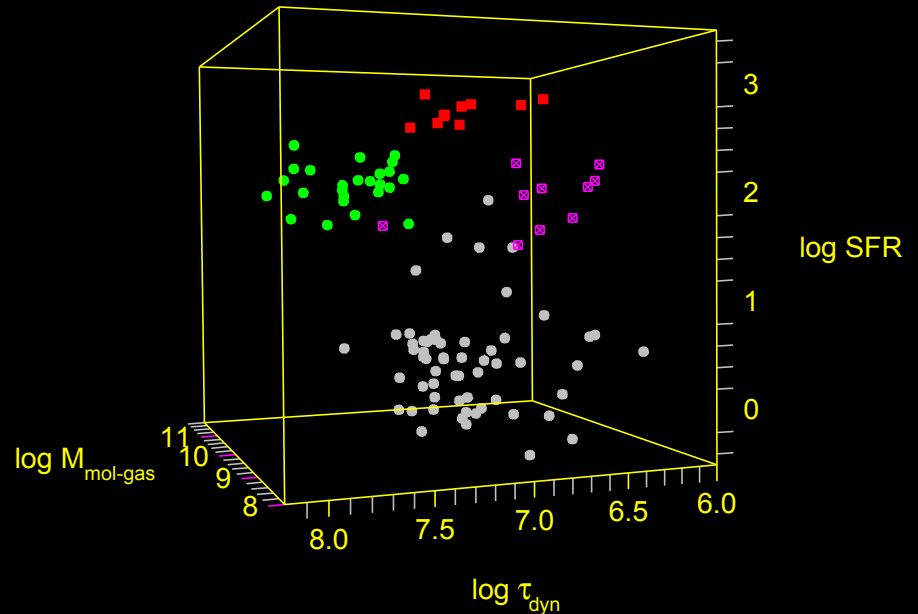
- z=0 SFG
- z=0 merger
- z>1 merger
- z>1 SFG



edge on view: stdev ~0.39 dex  
little difference between mergers  
and SFGs at all z

face on view: large difference between  
mergers and SFGs at z~0 and z>1

log SFR



# Summary

- Star forming galaxies from  $z=1-3$  are gas-rich with  $\langle f_{\text{gas}} \rangle \sim 0.4-0.5$  (still limited statistics); slight decreasing trend with from  $z=2$  to  $z=1$ .
- Evidence for molecular gas in rotating disks in some  $z \sim 1$  “normal” SF galaxies, probably also at  $z \sim 2$ .
- The molecular gas-star formation relation does not depend much on redshift. Low- and high- $z$  SFG galaxy populations follow a relation with slope 1.1 to 1.2, over three orders of magnitude in gas mass or surface density.
- SF-molecular gas relation likely driven by global