COSMOLOGICAL EVOLUTION OF GRAVITATIONALLY UNSTABLE GALACTIC DISKS



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Observed Disk Galaxies @ z~2



Several giant clumps of ~1kpc size and M~ $10^9 M_{\odot}$





0.5" (13,000 ight years)

Star formation rates ~ $100 M_{\odot}/yr$ mainly occurring in the clumps

Genzel et al. (2006, SINFONI),

Forster-Schreiber et al. (2006, SINS), Elmegreen & Elmegreen (2005, UDF), Elmegreen et al. (2007, UDF)

Theoretical studies and hydrodynamical cosmological simulations have shown that galaxies in dark matter haloes of M~ $10^{12} M_{\odot}$ at z~2 are typically Stream-Fed-Galaxies.

Dekel, Sari & Ceverino (DSC 2009) propose a scenario where the evolution of Stream-Fed-Galaxies is driven by cold streams, disk instability and the growth of a central spheroid.

*e.g. Dekel & Birnboim (2006), Keres et al. (2005)

100 kpc

THE GENERAL IDEA

COSMOLOGICAL ACCRETION Vcirc

MIGRATION INWARDS

SELF-REGULATED MARGINALLY UNSTABLE DISK

Rdisk

 $\sum_{i=1}^{n}$





KRUMHOLZ & BURKERT (2010), JOG & SOLOMON (1984), RAFIKOV (2001), ROMEO & WIEGERT (2011)

COSMOLOGICAL EVOLUTION



Solve the System of differential equations at current cosmological time (4 unknowns: $\sigma_{gas}, \sigma_{\star}, \Sigma_{gas}, \Sigma_{\star}$)

IF SOLUTION HAS $\sigma_{\rm gas} > c_{\rm s} \approx 10 {\rm km/s}$

THEN UPDATE VALUES AND MOVE TO STEP

ELSE MARGINAL INSTABILITY CANNOT BE SATISFIED: DISK IS LABELED STABLE, EVOLUTION STOPPED.



TWO COMPONENTS



THE ROLE OF DISSIPATION $t_{H}[Gyr] = 13.75$ 5.97 3.36 1.20 0.6 0.6 0.5 $\tau_{SFR} = K09$ $---\tau_{dis} = 10$





GAS VELOCITY DISPERSION HISTORY AFFECTED



THE ROLE OF OUTFLOWS



CONCLUSIONS

ANALYTICAL MODEL TO FOLLOW THE COSMOLOGICAL EVOLUTION OF GRAVITATIONALLY UNSTABLE DISKS

"VIOLENT" DISK INSTABILITY IN HIGH Z GALAXIES IS A ROBUST PREDICTION

INITIALLY UNSTABLE DISKS STABILIZE BY Z~0.5

DUE TO HIGHER STELLAR MASS FRACTIONS (~0.8)

DUE TO "DYNAMICALLY HOT" STARS $(\sigma_{\text{star}} \sim 8 \sigma_{\text{gas}})$

DUE TO DISK DEPLETION <---> GAS DISSIPATION

FUTURE PERSPECTIVES

MODEL IMPROVEMENTS

SCATTER IN MASS ACCRETION: ANALYTICAL MERGER TREES

METALLICITY-DEPENDENCE <--->MASS DEPENDENCE

COMPARISON WITH HYDRO-SIMULATIONS (HYDROART) [IN COLLABORATION WITH D. CEVERINO]



THANKS