

# Future of Enzo

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# SDSC Resources "Data to Discovery"

 Host SDNAP – San Diego network access point for multiple 10 Gbs WANs

– ESNet, NSF TeraGrid, CENIC, Internet2, StarTap

- 19,000 Sq-ft, 13 MW green data center
- Host UC-wide co-location facility
  - 225 racks available for your IT gear here
  - can be integrated with SDSC resources
- Host dozens of 24x7x365 "data resources"
  - e.g., Protein Data Bank (PDB), Red Cross Safe and Well, Encyclopedia of Life,.....

# **SDSC Resources**

- Data Oasis: high performance disk storage
   0.3 PB (2010), 2 PB (2011), 4 PB (2012), 6 PB (2013)
   PFS, NFS, disk-based archive
- Up to 3.84 Tbs machine room connectivity
- Various HPC systems
  - Triton (30 TF) A
  - Thresher (25 TF)
  - *Dash* (5 TF)
  - Trestles (100 TF)
  - Gordon (260 TF)

Aug. 2009 Feb 2010 April 2010 Jan 2011 Oct 2011 UCSD/UC resource UCOP pilot NSF resource NSF resource

NSF resource

### Data Oasis: The Heart of SDSC's Data – Intensive Strategy



## **Trestles**

New NSF TeraGrid resource in production Jan 1, 2011

Aggregate specs 10,368 cores 100 TF 20 TB RAM 150 TB DISK→2 PB

<u>Architecture</u> 324 AMD Magny-Cour nodes 32 cores/node 64 GB/node

QDR IB fat tree interconnect

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#### The Era of Data-Intensive Supercomputing Begins

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COMING SUMMER 2011



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# The Memory Hierarchy of a Typical HPC Cluster











# The Memory Hierarchy of Gordon











# Gordon

#### First Data-Intensive HPC system In production Fall 2011

Aggregate specs 16,384 cores 250 TF 64 TB RAM 256 TB SSD (35M IOPS) 4 PB DISK (>100 GB/sec)

Architecture 1024 Intel SandyBridge nodes 16 cores/node 64 GB/node Virtual shared memory supernodes

QDR IB 3D torus interconnect

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E HPC







at the UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA; SAN DIEGO

# **Enzo Science**



**First Stars** 



First Galaxies



SMBH accretion



Cluster radio cavities



Lyman alpha forest



#### Supersonic turbulence



Star formation



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collaborative sharing and development



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# Enzo V2.0

# radiative transfer

lonization

# magnetic fields

Pop III Reionization Wise et al.

# Current capabilities: AMR vs treecode

Dark matter substructure (PKDGRAV2)

First galaxies (ENZO)



Figure 1: Current capabilities of cosmological simulations. **Left**: EnzoAMR simulation of a primeval galaxy at z=7.35. From [86] **Right**: PKDGRAV2 simulation of dark matter substructure of a Milky Way size halo at z=0. From [66].





- ENZO's AMR infrastructure limits scalability to O(10<sup>4</sup>) cores
- We are developing a new, extremely scalable AMR infrastructure called *Cello* 
  - <u>http://lca.ucsd.edu/projects/cello</u>
- ENZO-P will be implemented on top of Cello to scale to 10<sup>6-8</sup> cores



#### Core ideas

- Take the best fast N-body data structure (hashed KD-tree) and "condition" it for higher order-accurate fluid solvers
- Flexible, dynamic mapping of hierarchical tree data structure to the hierarchical parallel architecture
  - Object oriented design
- Build on best available parallel middleware for faulttolerant, dynamically scheduled concurrent objects (Charm++)
- Easy ports to MPI, UPC, OpenMP, .....

### Cello AMR approach



- Based on octrees rather than SAMR for scalability
  - octree AMR has scaled to > 200K cores
  - mesh data associated with leaf nodes only
- Enhancements to address other issues
  - patch coalescing to reduce AMR overhead
  - targeted refinement for deep AMR problems

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#### Cello AMR Enhancement 1: Patch coalescing



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- Coalesce patches into larger one when possible
- Split a patch into smaller ones when necessary
- Maintain task size control using "blocks"

Parameters Design Features Conclusions

#### Cello AMR Enhancement 1: Patch coalescing



- Assume you want to refine on a circle
- quadtree refinement has 18517 patches
- coalescing patches reduces to 789 patches

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#### Cello AMR Enhancement 2: Targeted refinement



- Refine by r = 4 instead of r = 2
- Refinement is more localized
- Can restore r = 2 jumps by "backfilling" levels
- Backfill patch locations known implicitly—nominal storage

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#### Cello AMR Enhancement 2: Targeted refinement

- Assume you want to refine on point sources
- quadtree refinement
  with r = 2 has 2137
  patches
- targeted refinement
  with r = 4 has 158
  patches

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Parameters Design Features Conclusions

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#### Cello Mesh data structure

Core Mesh classes

Mesh



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• Decouple mesh refinement from data distribution

- in Enzo, grid = parallel task
- in Cello,  $Patch \supseteq Block = parallel task$
- Block size can be optimized independently of Patch size
  - target specialized computational kernels
  - increased parallelism
  - improved load balancing
  - reduced memory fragmentation
- "Unigrid" when possible; AMR when necessary
  - leverage unigrid performance and scalability
  - Patches encapsulate parallel unigrid subproblems
  - O(1) metadata for full unigrid problem (O(P) for Enzo)

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#### Cello Mesh data structure

Mesh related classes



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#### Cello Mesh data structure Mesh related classes

- Mesh: full AMR hierarchy
- Patch: region of uniform resolution
  - Cello unigrid problem degenerates to single Patch
- Block: basic distributed data unit / parallel task
  - MPI: e.g. one Block per process in Cartesian topology
  - CHARM++: one Block per 3D "chare array"
  - GPU / OMP / UPC support planned
- Layout: specifies how to distribute Blocks in a Patch
  - Block size, process range, neighbor pointers, etc.
  - hierarchical parallelism through multiple Layouts
- Block data: Field, Particles, etc.
- Tree, Node: bare-bones octree data structure
  - Nodes are only objects replicated across machine
    - small nodes:  $\leq$  24 bytes (> 1500 bytes/grid for Enzo)

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• fewer nodes: e.g. 1 instead of P for unigrid case

# Cello Status

Software design completed

200 pages of design documents

- ~20,000 lines of code implemented
- PPM hydro code for uniform grid with Charm++ parallel objects initial prototype
- Next up: AMR
- Seeking funding and potential users